

DELAWARE AGRICULTURAL LANDS PRESERVATION FOUNDATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



DELAWARE AGRICULTURAL LANDS PRESERVATION FOUNDATION FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT REPORT SUMMARY FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

BACKGROUND

The Office of Auditor of Accounts presents a financial statement audit of the governmental activities and major fund of Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation (Foundation). This audit was conducted for Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2023. The primary objective of a financial statement audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of an entity.

A single audit was also conducted for Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2023. The primary objective of a single audit is to provide assurance that a non-federal entity has adequate internal controls in place and is following program requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. All non-federal entities that expend \$750,000 or more in federal funds in their fiscal year are subject to single audit requirements.



The Agricultural Lands Preservation Act (Act) was enacted on July 8, 1991 to conserve, protect, and encourage the improvement of agricultural lands within Delaware for the production of food and other agricultural products. Preservation of the State's farmlands and forestlands is considered essential to maintaining agriculture as a viable industry and an important contributor to Delaware's economy. The Act also provided for the creation of the Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation. The Foundation has been charged with the authority and responsibility of establishing and administering an extensive statewide program to preserve Delaware's farmlands and forestlands.

The Foundation preserves land through two major programs. The Aglands Preservation Program and the Young Farmer Loan Program. The Aglands Preservation Program allows landowners to voluntarily preserve their farms through a two-phase process. The first phase, which does not include any payment to the landowner, is known as an Agricultural Preservation District. In phase two, the landowner is paid to sell their farm's development rights, known as an Agricultural Conservation Easement. The Young Farmer Loan Program offers a 30-year, no interest loan to help young farmers purchase farmland, one of the chief obstacles to starting out in business. The loan is for up to 70 percent of the appraised value of the farm's development rights, not to exceed \$500,000. Farms in the program are placed into a permanent preservation easement.

This audit was conducted under the authority of 29 Del. C. §2906.



DELAWARE AGRICULTURAL LANDS PRESERVATION FOUNDATION FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

REPORT SUMMARY FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

KEY INFORMATION & FINDINGS

During Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 the Foundation received slightly over **\$20 million** in operating grants and contributions from the State for use in their programs.

Capital assets **increased by \$10,706,159** through the purchasing of development rights. As of June 30, 2023, there are currently approximately **147,000 acres preserved** in the Foundation's land preservation programs at a **total cost of \$285,089,483**.

To date, **36 young farmers have received \$8 million** in loans to purchase over **2,800 acres** of land.

	Governmental Fund Revenues	Easements Settled
2023	\$25,936,727	\$793,420
2022	\$13,686,116	\$3,572,065
2021	\$9,136,691	\$3,649,851

2023 Net Assets

Increased by \$10,760,159 Exceeded Liabilites by \$297,785,035

The financial statement audit contains an unmodified "clean" opinion. An unmodified opinion expresses that the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, an entity's financial position, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The auditors' reports over internal control over financial reporting, major programs, and compliance for major programs also contained unmodified opinions.

There were no findings required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation (A Component Unit of the State of Delaware)

Financial Statements, Independent Auditors' Reports, Supplementary Information, and Single Audit

June 30, 2023 and 2022

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Management Delaware Department of Agriculture Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation State of Delaware

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation (Foundation), a component unit of the State of Delaware, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Foundation's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Foundation, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Foundation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and

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To the Management Delaware Department of Agriculture Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation State of Delaware

maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

To the Management Delaware Department of Agriculture Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation State of Delaware

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 6 through 16, the budgetary comparison schedules and related notes on pages 53 through 55, and the schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability and contributions and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liabilities and contributions on pages 56 through 57 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information - Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Foundation's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. To the Management Delaware Department of Agriculture Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation State of Delaware

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2023 on our consideration of the Foundation's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Foundation's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Belfint, Lyons & Shuman, P.A.

December 6, 2023 Wilmington, Delaware Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation's (Foundation) financial performance provides an overview of the Foundation's financial activities for the years ended June 30, 2023 (Fiscal Year 2023) and 2022 (Fiscal Year 2022).

Financial Highlights

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Foundation's assets and deferred outflows increased by \$21,892,098 to \$320,105,615 from \$298,213,517. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Foundation's assets and deferred outflows increased by \$14,000,032 to \$298,213,517 from \$284,213,485.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Foundation's net position increased by \$22,006,621 to \$319,424,884 from \$297,418,263. For the year ended June 30, 2022, total net position increased by \$14,068,282 to \$297,418,263 from \$283,349,981.

Using this Financial Report

This financial report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the Foundation as a whole and then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

Reporting the Foundation as a Whole

The Statements of Net Position and Statements of Activities - The statements of net position and the statements of activities report information about the Foundation as a whole, and about its activities that are necessary in determining whether the Foundation's financial health is improving or deteriorating. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. All revenues and expenses pertaining to the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, are taken into consideration regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Reporting the Foundation's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements - All of the Foundation's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at the end of the fiscal year available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting, which measures cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Foundation's general government operations and the basic services it provides.

Reporting the Foundation's Most Significant Funds - Continued

Our analysis of the Foundation's major fund and fund financial statements provides detailed information about the most significant funds and not the Foundation as a whole.

Entity-Wide Financial Analysis

A comparative net position analysis of the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, follows:

Net Position

	Governmental Activities				
	2023	2022	2021		
Current Assets					
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 25,557,416	\$ 12,442,820	\$ 9,379,549		
Deposits	144,345	-	-		
Loans Receivable - Current	82,297	56,117	23,727		
Lease Receivable - Lessor - Current	19,850	18,275	17,349		
Federal Grant Receivable	639,561	3,020,030	2,426,939		
Kent County Receivable	200,000	100,000	-		
Rollback Taxes Receivable	102,928	326,361	129,581		
Total Current Assets	26,746,397	15,963,603	11,977,145		
Noncurrent Assets					
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	285,089,483	274,329,324	264,229,706		
Capital Assets, Depreciated	108,058	108,058	108,058		
Less: Depreciation	108,058	108,058	107,791		
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated			267		
Loans Receivable, Less Current Portion	8,058,199	7,634,053	7,694,092		
Lease Receivable - Lessor, Less Current Portion	125,499	144,957	162,235		
Net Pension Asset		36,569			
Total Noncurrent Assets	293,273,181	282,144,903	272,086,300		
Total Assets	320,019,578	298,108,506	284,063,445		
Deferred Outflows					
Pension	24,500	22,396	24,434		
Other Post Employment Benefits	61,537	82,615	125,606		
Total Deferred Outflows	86,037	105,011	150,040		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$320,105,615	\$298,213,517	\$284,213,485		

Entity-Wide Financial Analysis - Continued

Net Position - Continued

	Governmental Activities				
	2023	2022	2021		
Current Liabilities					
Accounts Payable	\$ 19,619	\$ 17,719	\$ 12,196		
Accrued Salaries and Related Costs	6,756	3,207	3,151		
Total Current Liabilities	26,375	20,926	15,347		
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Compensated Absences	7,996	10,190	9,774		
Net Postemployment Benefits Liability	234,585	292,355	462,655		
Net Pension Liability	39,067		63,992		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	281,648	302,545	536,421		
Total Liabilities	308,023	323,471	551,768		
Deferred Inflows					
Pension	18,690	96,464	18,339		
Other Post Employment Benefits	223,521	223,000	119,256		
Lease Receivable - Lessor	130,497	152,319	174,141		
Total Deferred Inflows	372,708	471,783	311,736		
Net Position					
Invested in Capital Assets	285,089,483	274,329,324	264,229,973		
Restricted by Enabling Legislation	34,335,401	23,088,939	19,120,008		
Total Net Position	319,424,884	297,418,263	283,349,981		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows,					
and Net Position	\$320,105,615	\$298,213,517	\$284,213,485		

Entity-Wide Financial Analysis - Continued

At the close of the year ended June 30, 2023, the Foundation's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$319,711,555. At the close of the year ended June 30, 2022, the Foundation's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$297,785,035. In both years, these assets primarily consisted of capital assets, pooled cash and investments, and loans receivable. The accounts payable at the close of the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, consisted primarily of legal fees for the month of June. During the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the majority of the Foundation's monthly fees were paid out of funds received by the State of Delaware (State).

For the year ended June 30, 2023, total capital assets increased by \$10,760,159 to \$285,089,483 from \$274,329,324. For the year ended June 30, 2022, total capital assets, net of depreciation, increased by \$10,099,351 to \$274,329,324 from \$264,229,973.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, pooled cash and investments increased by \$13,114,596 to \$25,557,416 from \$12,442,820. For the year ended June 30, 2022, pooled cash and investments increased by \$3,063,271 to \$12,442,820 from \$9,379,549.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, pension and OPEB deferred outflows decreased by \$18,974 to \$86,037 from \$105,011. Net pension and OPEB liability decreased by \$18,703 to \$273,652 from \$292,355. Pension and OPEB deferred inflows decreased by \$77,253 to \$242,211 from \$319,464. For the year ended June 30, 2022, pension and OPEB deferred outflows decreased by \$45,029 to \$105,011 from \$150,040. Net pension and OPEB liability decreased by \$234,292 to \$292,355 from \$526,647. Pension and OPEB deferred inflows increased by \$181,869 to \$319,464 from \$137,595.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, net pension asset decreased by \$36,569 to \$0 from \$36,569 at June 30, 2023. For the year ended June 30, 2022, net pension asset increased by \$36,569 to \$36,569 at June 30, 2022.

Beginning in fiscal year 2012, a new program known as the Young Farmers Program was created by the State to provide loans to farmers aged 40 or younger seeking to acquire their own farms. During the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, loans issued totaled \$862,833 and \$0, respectively. Loan collections totaled \$450,326 and \$27,649 during the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

The State created a Forestland Preservation Program through legislation in fiscal year 2006. It received \$1,000,000 of State funds during fiscal year 2008, and seven Forestland Preservation easements were purchased. No additional State funds were allocated to the program until fiscal year 2019. In both fiscal

Entity-Wide Financial Analysis - Continued

years 2023 and 2022 the Bond Bill Epilogue stated that the Foundation may use up to \$1,000,000 of Farmland Preservation funding for the Forestland Preservation Program. It is not yet known if any properties in Round 27 will be selected for Forestland Preservation easements in fiscal year 2024.

During fiscal year 2019, the Foundation entered into a program agreement with Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS). The program agreement is for a term of at least three years and not to exceed five years. Under the terms of the agreement, NRCS will make cost-share assistance available for the acquisition of agricultural land easements selected by the Foundation in Round 23 through Round 27.

During the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, the Foundation settled easements of which \$793,420, \$3,572,065, and \$3,649,851, respectively, of the total purchase price was eligible for cost-share assistance under the terms of the agreement. As of June 30, 2023, total cost-share assistance made available under the terms of the agreement totaled \$8,858,969.

The Foundation has not estimated expected receipts in cost-share assistance under the terms of the agreement for easements selected for Round 27 that will settle subsequent to Fiscal Year 2023.

Entity-Wide Financial Analysis - Continued

Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2023	2022	2021	
Revenues				
General Revenues				
Earnings on Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 13,645	\$ -	\$ 14,303	
On-Behalf Payments	233,241	203,110	204,947	
Rollback Taxes	104,398	327,240	130,304	
License Plate Income	5,950	7,805	9,065	
Wilson Farm Lease Income	27,211	29,377	27,097	
Gain from Sale of Capital Asset	_ , ,	53,660	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Legal Fees Refund	-	29	3,308	
Century Farm Signs	120	-	-	
Lien	11,001	-	-	
Program Revenues)			
Operating Grants and Contributions - State	20,014,661	10,049,497	5,048,621	
Operating Grants and Contributions -	, ,	, ,	<i>, ,</i>	
County Governments	1,294,206	496,100	1,738,136	
Operating Grants and Contributions - Public Support	-	20,000	-	
Capital Grants and Contributions	1,276,606	3,572,065	3,738,274	
Total Revenues	22,981,039	14,758,883	10,914,055	
Expenses				
Current				
Farmland Preservation	379,576	229,889	258,435	
Young Farmers	9,571	3,353	3,142	
Administrative Services				
Operating Services	389,825	317,414	396,826	
Contractual Services	195,446	139,945	151,991	
Total Current	974,418	690,601	810,394	
Intergovernmental Transfer of Resources to/(from) Facilities Management	-	-	(174)	
Total Expenses	974,418	690,601	810,220	
Changes in Net Position	\$ 22,006,621	\$ 14,068,282	\$ 10,103,835	

Governmental Activities

Earnings on pooled cash and investments increased to \$13,645 for the year ended June 30, 2023 from \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2022, primarily due to fluctuation in interest rates.

Earnings on pooled cash and investments decreased to \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2022, from \$14,303 for the year ended June 30, 2021, primarily due to fluctuation in interest rates.

County reimbursement money is not recognized by fiscal year but by rounds, the cycles in which new farm easements are purchased and added to the preservation program by the Foundation. The counties agree to reimburse the Foundation up to a certain amount for selected properties in each round to be determined by percentage on each property.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Foundation recognized as revenue \$1,294,206 in county reimbursements for easements purchased in Round 25 and 24. For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Foundation received \$496,100 and \$1,738,136, respectively, in county reimbursements for easements purchased in Round 24 and 23.

Rollback taxes are assessed on land which has been valued, assessed, and taxed as agricultural land, but has been used for purposes other than farming. A portion of these taxes go to the school district in which the property is located, and the Foundation receives the remainder less 7.5% paid to the county in which the property is located. Rollback tax revenue decreased to \$104,398 for the year ended June 30, 2023, from \$327,240 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Rollback tax revenue increased to \$327,240 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Rollback tax revenue increased to \$327,240 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Rollback tax revenue increased to \$327,240 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Rollback tax revenue increased to \$327,240 for the year ended June 30, 2021. The change in this source of revenue is directly related to the amount of farmland which was used for development during the year.

In Fiscal Year 2022, the Foundation adopted GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases (*Statement) effective as of July 1, 2020, the first day of the Foundation's earliest fiscal year presented.

License plate income decreased to \$5,950 for the year ended June 30, 2023, from \$7,805 for the year ended June 30, 2022. License plate income decreased to \$7,805 for the year ended June 30, 2022, from \$9,065 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Governmental Activities - Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Foundation received \$10,000,000 in grant funding from the State bond bill, of which up to \$3,000,000 could be utilized for the Young Farmers Program, and of which \$1,000,000 could be utilized for the Delaware Forestland Preservation Program. In addition, the Foundation received \$14,661 during the year ended June 30, 2023, from the State's operating budget for personnel expenses, and an additional \$10,000,000 from the State for Farmland Preservation.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Foundation received \$10,000,000 in grant funding from the State bond bill, of which up to \$3,000,000 could be utilized for the Young Farmers Program, and of which \$1,000,000 could be utilized for the Delaware Forestland Preservation Program. In addition, the Foundation received \$49,497 during the year ended June 30, 2022, from the State's operating budget for personnel expenses.

During fiscal year 2019 the Foundation entered into a program agreement with NRCS. The program agreement is for a term of at least three years and not to exceed five years. Under the terms of the agreement, NRCS will make cost-share assistance available for the acquisition of agricultural land easements selected by the Foundation in Round 23 through Round 27.

During the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, the Foundation settled easements of which \$793,420, \$3,572,065, and \$3,649,851, respectively, of the total purchase price was eligible for cost-share assistance under the terms of the agreement. As of June 30, 2023, total cost-share assistance made available under the terms of the agreement totaled \$8,858,969.

The Foundation has not estimated expected receipts in cost-share assistance under the terms of the agreement for easements selected for Round 27 that will settle subsequent to Fiscal Year 2023.

Expenses for administrative services increased from \$500,639 for the year ended June 30, 2022, to \$627,878 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Farmland preservation expenses increased from \$229,889 for the year ended June 30, 2022, to \$379,576 for the year ended June 30, 2023. The increase was a result of increases in appraisal and survey costs. Two farm easements were acquired through the Young Farmers Program during the year ended June 30, 2023. The easements were capitalized at their total acquisition value of \$483,186.

Expenses for administrative services decreased from \$523,230 for the year ended June 30, 2021, to \$500,639 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Farmland preservation expenses decreased from \$258,435 for the year ended June 30, 2021, to \$229,889 for the year ended June 30, 2022. The decrease was a result of decrease in appraisal and survey costs. No farm easements were acquired through the Young Farmers Program during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Governmental Activities - Continued

The Foundation shares employees with the Department of Agriculture (Department). The salaries of these shared employees are paid in full by the Department, and the Foundation does not reimburse the Department for their portion of salary expense. On-behalf payments recognized in revenue and administrative salaries and related expenditures during the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, totaled \$233,241, \$203,110, and \$204,947, respectively.

Governmental Fund

	2023	2022	2021
Revenues			
State of Delaware - Farmland Preservation	\$ 20,014,661	\$ 10,049,497	\$ 5,048,621
Federal Grant	3,523,092	2,978,974	1,872,487
County Government Grants and Contributions	1,194,206	396,100	1,738,136
Operating Grants and Contributions	-	20,000	-
Young Farmers Contributed Easements	483,186	-	88,423
Rollback Taxes	430,414	1,224	130,304
On-Behalf Payments	233,241	203,110	204,947
License Plate Income	5,950	7,805	9,065
Earnings on Pooled Cash and Investments	13,645	-	14,303
Wilson Farm Lease Income	27,211	29,377	27,097
Legal Fee Refunds	-	29	3,308
Century Farm Signs	120	-	-
Lien	11,001		
Total Revenues	25,936,727	13,686,116	9,136,691
Expenses			
Current			
Farmland Preservation	379,576	229,889	258,435
Administrative Services			
Operating Services	432,432	360,694	371,239
Contractual Services	195,446	139,945	151,991
Young Farmers	9,571	3,353	3,142
Total Current	1,017,025	733,881	784,807
Capital Outlays			
Property	10,760,159	10,126,658	13,859,745
Intergovernmental			
Transfer of Resources to Facilities Management			(174)
Total Expenses	11,777,184	10,860,539	14,644,378
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenses	14,159,543	2,825,577	(5,507,687)
Special Item			
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset		80,700	
Net Change in Fund Balances	14,159,543	2,906,277	(5,507,687)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	20,123,322	17,217,045	22,724,732
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 34,282,865	\$ 20,123,322	\$ 17,217,045

Governmental Fund - Continued

Overall, for the Special Revenue Fund, revenues and special items exceeded expenses in Fiscal Year 2023, resulting in a \$14,159,543 increase in fund balance.

Overall, for the Special Revenue Fund, revenues and special items exceeded expenses in Fiscal Year 2022, resulting in a \$2,906,277 increase in fund balance.

Requests for Information

This financial data is designed to provide a general overview of the Foundation's finances for all those with an interest in the Foundation's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Accounting Specialist, Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation, 2320 South DuPont Highway, Dover, Delaware 19901.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Government	
	2023	2022
Assets and Deferred Outflow	ws	
Current Assets		
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 25,557,416	\$ 12,442,820
Deposits	144,345	-
Loans Receivable - Current	82,297	56,117
Lease Receivable - Lessor - Current	19,850	18,275
Federal Grant Receivable	639,561	3,020,030
Kent County Receivable	200,000	100,000
Rollback Taxes Receivable Total Current Assets	102,928	326,361
	26,746,397	15,963,603
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	285,089,483	274,329,324
Capital Assets, Depreciated	108,058	108,058
Less: Depreciation	108,058	108,058
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated	-	
Loans Receivable, Less Current Portion	8,058,199	7,634,053
Lease Receivable - Lessor, Less Current Portion	125,499	144,957
Net Pension Asset		36,569
Total Noncurrent Assets	293,273,181	282,144,903
Total Assets	320,019,578	298,108,506
Deferred Outflows		
Pension	24,500	22,396
Other Post Employment Benefits	61,537	82,615
Total Deferred Outflows	86,037	105,011
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 320,105,615	\$ 298,213,517
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and No	et Position	
Current Liabilities		
Accounts Payable	\$ 19,619	\$ 17,719
Accrued Salaries and Related Costs	6,756	3,207
Total Current Liabilities	26,375	20,926
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences	7,996	10,190
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences Net Postemployment Benefits Liability	234,585	10,190 292,355
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences	-	
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences Net Postemployment Benefits Liability	234,585	292,355
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences Net Postemployment Benefits Liability Net Pension Liability	234,585 39,067	292,355
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences Net Postemployment Benefits Liability Net Pension Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows	234,585 39,067 281,648 308,023	292,355 302,545 323,471
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences Net Postemployment Benefits Liability Net Pension Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows Pension	234,585 39,067 281,648 308,023 18,690	292,355 302,545 323,471 96,464
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences Net Postemployment Benefits Liability Net Pension Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows Pension Other Post Employment Benefits	234,585 39,067 281,648 308,023 18,690 223,521	292,355 302,545 323,471 96,464 223,000
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences Net Postemployment Benefits Liability Net Pension Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows Pension	234,585 39,067 281,648 308,023 18,690	292,355 302,545 323,471 96,464 223,000
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences Net Postemployment Benefits Liability Net Pension Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows Pension Other Post Employment Benefits	234,585 39,067 281,648 308,023 18,690 223,521	292,355 302,545 323,471 96,464 223,000
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences Net Postemployment Benefits Liability Net Pension Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows Pension Other Post Employment Benefits Lease Receivable - Lessor Total Deferred Inflows Net Position	234,585 39,067 281,648 308,023 18,690 223,521 130,497 372,708	302,545 323,471 96,464 223,000 152,319 471,783
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences Net Postemployment Benefits Liability Net Pension Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows Pension Other Post Employment Benefits Lease Receivable - Lessor Total Deferred Inflows Net Position Invested in Capital Assets	234,585 39,067 281,648 308,023 18,690 223,521 130,497 372,708 285,089,483	292,355 <u>302,545</u> <u>323,471</u> 96,464 223,000 <u>152,319</u> <u>471,783</u> 274,329,324
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences Net Postemployment Benefits Liability Net Pension Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows Pension Other Post Employment Benefits Lease Receivable - Lessor Total Deferred Inflows Net Position	234,585 39,067 281,648 308,023 18,690 223,521 130,497 372,708	292,355 <u>302,545</u> <u>323,471</u> 96,464 223,000 <u>152,319</u> <u>471,783</u> 274,329,324
Noncurrent Liabilities Compensated Absences Net Postemployment Benefits Liability Net Pension Liability Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows Pension Other Post Employment Benefits Lease Receivable - Lessor Total Deferred Inflows Net Position Invested in Capital Assets	234,585 39,067 281,648 308,023 18,690 223,521 130,497 372,708 285,089,483	292,355 302,545 323,471 96,464 223,000 152,319 471,783

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Program Revenue					
	F	Expenses	(Operating Grants and ontributions	-	pital Grants and ntributions	an	et Revenue d Change in let Position
Governmental Activities								
Farmland Preservation Young Farmers Program Administrative Services	\$	(379,576) (9,571)	\$	20,772,706	\$	793,420 483,186	\$	21,186,550 473,615
Operating Services Contractual Services		(389,825) (195,446)		384,161 152,000		-		(5,664) (43,446)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	(974,418)	\$	21,308,867	\$	1,276,606	\$	21,611,055
	Ear On Ro Lic Wi Leg	-Behalf Payn Ilback Taxes cense Plate In Ison Farm Le gal Fees Refu ntury Farm S	oled nent com ease ind	ne Income	estme	nt		13,645 233,241 104,398 5,950 27,211 - 120 11,001
	r ·	Fotal Genera	al R	evenues				395,566
	Cha	nge in Net P	Posit	ion				22,006,621
	Net	Position - B	egin	ning of Year			1	297,418,263
	Net	Position - E	nd o	f Year			\$	319,424,884

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program Revenue					
	1	Expenses	G	Dperating Frants and ntributions	-	pital Grants and ntributions	an	let Revenue Id Change in Vet Position
Governmental Activities								
Farmland Preservation	\$	(229,889)	\$	9,994,600	\$	3,572,065	\$	13,336,776
Young Farmers Program Administrative Services		(3,353)		-		-		(3,353)
Operating Services		(317,414)		412,197		-		94,783
Contractual Services		(139,945)		158,800		-		18,855
Total Governmental Activities	\$	(690,601)	\$	10,565,597	\$	3,572,065	\$	13,447,061
		eral Revenue in from Sale c		ipital Asset				53,660
		-Behalf Paym		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				203,110
	Ro	llback Taxes						327,240
		ense Plate Inc						7,805
		lson Farm Lea		ncome				29,377
	Leg	gal Fees Refu	nd					29
]	Fotal Genera	l Re	venues				621,221
	Cha	nge in Net Po	ositi	on				14,068,282
	Net	Position - Be	ginn	ing of Year				283,349,981
	Net	Position - En	d of	Year, Restate	ed		\$	297,418,263

Fund Financial Statements

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Balance Sheets June 30, 2023 and 2022

		Special Re	e Fund	
		2023		2022
Assets				
Current Assets				
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	25,557,416	\$	12,442,820
Deposits		144,345		-
Loans Receivable - Current		82,297		56,117
Lease Receivable - Lessor - Current		19,850		18,275
Federal Grant Receivable		639,561		3,020,030
Kent County Receivable		200,000		100,000
Rollback Taxes Receivable		102,928		326,361
Total Current Assets		26,746,397		15,963,603
Noncurrent Assets				
Loans Receivable, Less Current Portion		8,058,199		7,634,053
Lease Receivable - Lessor, Less Current Portion		125,499		144,957
Total Noncurrent Assets		8,183,698		7,779,010
Total Assets	\$	34,930,095	\$	23,742,613
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fu	und	Balance		
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$	19,619	\$	17,719
Accrued Salaries and Related Costs	Ŷ	6,756	÷	3,207
Total Current Liabilities		26,375		20,926
Deferred Inflows				
Revenue Not Yet Available		490,358		3,446,046
Lease Receivable - Lessor		130,497		152,319
Total Deferred Inflows		620,855		3,598,365
Fund Balance				
Restricted by Enabling Legislation		34,282,865		20,123,322
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balance	\$	34,930,095	\$	23,742,613

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Reconciliation of Balance Sheets to Statements of Net Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Total Governmental Fund Balance Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	\$ 34,282,865	\$ 20,123,322
Capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, as detailed in the footnotes, are included in the statements of net position.	285,089,483	274,329,324
Long-term assets and liabilities applicable to the governmental activities are not receivable and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund assets and liabilities. Those assets and liabilities consist of:		
Net Pension Asset	-	36,569
Net Pension Liability	(39,067)	-
Net Postemployment Benefits Liability Compensated Absences	(234,585) (7,996)	(292,355) (10,190)
Compensated Absences	(7,990)	(10,190)
Revenue earned but not yet available is not recognized in the funds.	490,358	3,446,046
Deferred inflows and outflows related to the Foundation's net pension and postemployment liabilities are based on differences between actual and expected investment returns, differences between actual and expected experience, changes in the actuarially determined proportion of the Foundation's amount of the total net liabilities and contributions made after the measurement date of the liabilities.		
Deferred Outflows - Pension Related	24,500	22,396
Deferred Outflows - Postemployment Benefits Related	61,537	82,615
Deferred Inflows - Pension Related	(18,690)	(96,464)
Deferred Inflows - Postemployment Benefits Related	(223,521)	(223,000)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 319,424,884	\$ 297,418,263

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	Special Revenue Fund		
	2023	2022	
Revenues			
State of Delaware - Farmland Preservation	\$ 20,014,661	\$ 10,049,497	
Federal Grant Revenue	3,523,092	2,978,974	
Operating Grants and Contributions	-	20,000	
County Government Grants and Contributions	1,194,206	396,100	
Young Farmers Contributed Easements	483,186	-	
Rollback Taxes	430,414	1,224	
On-Behalf Payments	233,241	203,110	
License Plate Income	5,950	7,805	
Earnings on Pooled Cash and Investments	13,645	-	
Wilson Farm Lease Income	27,211	29,377	
Legal Fee Refunds	-	29	
Century Farms Signs	120	-	
Lien	11,001		
Total Revenue	25,936,727	13,686,116	
Expenditures			
Current			
Farmland Preservation			
Appraisals	316,600	158,621	
Options and Negotiations	69,600	54,200	
Surveys	(6,624)	17,068	
Total Farmland Preservation Expenditures	379,576	229,889	
Young Farmers Grant			
Legal Fees	5,459	3,353	
Survey Fees	2,400	-	
Legal Fees	1,712		
Total Young Farmers Expenditures	9,571	3,353	
		, -	

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Continued Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

		Special Revenue Fund			
		2023		2022	
Expenditures - Continued					
Current					
Administrative					
Contracts	\$	7,422	\$	6,937	
Legal Fees		195,446		139,945	
Accounting and Auditing		56,607		43,883	
Office Expense		18,076		2,082	
Conference Fees		-		275	
Travel		602		-	
Salaries and Related Expenditures		349,725		307,517	
Total Administrative Expenditures		627,878		500,639	
Total Current Expenditures		1,017,025		733,881	
Capital Outlays					
Easements and Development Rights	1	0,760,159		10,126,658	
Intergovernmental					
Transfer of Resources to/(from) Facilities Management				-	
Total Expenditures	1	1,777,184		10,860,539	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1	4,159,543		2,825,577	
Special Item					
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Asset		-		80,700	
Net Change in Fund Balances	1	4,159,543		2,906,277	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	2	0,123,322		17,217,045	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 3	4,282,865	\$	20,123,322	

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Statements of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Fund	\$ 14,159,543	\$ 2,906,277
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statements of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 are capitalized. The cost of capital outlays which are subject to depreciation is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		
Capital Outlays Depreciation	10,760,159	10,126,658 (267)
The effect of transactions involving capital assets. These transactions are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Gain on Sale of Capital Asset	-	(27,040)
Governmental funds report using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting and, therefore, certain revenue and expenses are not recognized in the governmental funds.		
Federal Grant Revenue County Government Grants and Contributions Rollback Tax Revenue Compensated Absences	(2,729,672) 100,000 (326,016) 2,194	593,091 100,000 326,016 (416)
Pension and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) expenses in the statements of activities differ from the amount reported in the governmental funds because pension and OPEB expenses are recognized on the statements of activities based on the Foundation's proportionate share of the expenses of the cost-sharing plans, whereas expenditures are recognized in the governmental funds based on required contributions. The following summarizes the related changes:		
Pension Liability OPEB Liability Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows	(75,636) 57,770 (18,974) 77,253	100,561 170,300 (45,029) (181,869)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 22,006,621	\$ 14,068,282

Notes to Financial Statements

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023 and 2022

Note A: Nature of Activities and Summary of Significant Policies

Nature of Activities - On July 8, 1991, the Governor of the State of Delaware (the State) signed House Bill 200 of the 136th General Assembly to amend Chapter 9, Title 3, of the Delaware Code.

As specified under 3 Del. C. §903(a) - Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation, "There is hereby established and created a statewide agricultural lands preservation foundation, a body politic and corporate constituting a public instrumentality of the State established and created for the performance of an essential public and governmental function, to be known as the Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation (Foundation). The Foundation shall be comprised of 13 trustees, all of whom shall be resident of and qualified to vote in the State. The President Pro Tem shall appoint one member from the Speaker of the House shall appoint one member from the House of Representatives, each of whom shall serve an indefinite term. The Governor shall appoint the remaining 11 Trustees and shall designate one Trustee as Chairperson, which Trustee shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor and be confirmed with the advice and consent of the Senate."

In accordance with the legislation, the State established a comprehensive agricultural lands preservation program to serve the long-term needs of the agricultural community and the citizens of Delaware. It is declared policy of the State to conserve, protect, and encourage improvement of agricultural lands within the State for the production of food and other agricultural products useful to the public, which are grown, raised, or harvested on lands and in water within the State. The Foundation is directed to provide economic incentives and benefits to agribusinesses, purchase development rights from landowners, encourage development in areas where infrastructures exist, and promote the agricultural industry and the concept of preserving viable land for the future.

The enabling statute for the Foundation established a trust fund. Monies for farmland preservation have come from the 2lst Century Fund set up by the General Assembly under control of the Secretary of Finance and released to accounts within the Delaware Department of Agriculture (DDA) under the certification and subsequent control of the Secretary of Agriculture. Federal funds and monies from the capital budget, earmarked for agricultural lands preservation district creation, are also solely the responsibility of the DDA. All accounting of these expenditures is within the State's accounting system, First State Financials (FSF).

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the General Assembly of the State provided funding for the Foundation under House Bill No. 475 of the 152nd General Assembly in the amount of \$10,000,000. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the State transferred \$10,000,000 to the Foundation under Title 30, Chapter 54 to the farmland preservation fund. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the General Assembly of the State

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Notes to Financial Statements - Continued June 30, 2023 and 2022

Note A: Nature of Activities and Summary of Significant Policies - Continued

Nature of Activities - Continued - provided funding for the Foundation under House Bill No. 250 of the 151st General Assembly in the amount of \$10,000,000.

Reporting Entity - The Foundation is a discreetly presented component unit of the State.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - The governmentwide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Foundation gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, includes grants and donations. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using a different measurement focus (see below) from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available.

Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Foundation considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

The Foundation reports on only one fund, which is the special revenue fund.

Pooled Cash and Investments - Pooled cash and investments consist of the Foundation's allocated share of cash, cash equivalents, and investments under the control of the Treasurer of the State.

Receivables - All receivables are considered fully collectible by management. No allowance for bad debt is deemed necessary.

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Notes to Financial Statements - Continued June 30, 2023 and 2022

Note A: Nature of Activities and Summary of Significant Policies - Continued

Capital Assets, Depreciated - The Foundation defines capital assets as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Provisions for depreciation are made over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets (generally five years for equipment) using the straight-line method. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend lives of the assets are not capitalized.

Capital Assets, Not Depreciated - Purchased easements and development rights are intangible capital assets and are recorded at their purchase price. In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, donated easements and development rights are recorded at their acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential in an orderly market transaction at the acquisition date.

Fund Balances/Net Position - In the government-wide statements of net position, the Foundation reports net position in three categories: invested in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. At June 30, 2023, net position invested in capital assets, restricted by enabling legislation, and unrestricted totaled \$285,089,483 and \$34,335,401 and \$0, respectively. At June 30, 2022, net position invested in capital assets, restricted totaled \$274,329,324, and \$23,088,939 and \$0, respectively.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type*, the Foundation defines fund balance categories to make the nature and constraints placed on its fund balances transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

<u>Non-Spendable Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that are in non-spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation. Fund balance restricted by enabling legislation for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, totaled \$34,282,865 and \$20,123,322, respectively.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Foundation itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e., Board of Trustees). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Foundation takes the same highest-level action to remove or change the constraint.

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Notes to Financial Statements - Continued June 30, 2023 and 2022

Note A: Nature of Activities and Summary of Significant Policies - Continued

Fund Balances/Net Position - Continued

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> - Amounts the Foundation intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Compensated Absences - It is the Foundation's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only when the liability matures, for example, as a result of an employee resignation or retirement.

<u>Vacation</u> - Employees are paid for their accumulated annual leave at their current salary, excluding all supplemental and premium pays, upon separation from the State only.

<u>Sick Leave</u> - Employees are paid for accumulated sick leave at their current salary, excluding all supplemental and premium pays, at retirement, upon commencement of long-term disability, or if laid off without prejudice for lack of work, at the rate of one hour's pay for each two hours of sick leave.

A reconciliation of compensated absences at June, 30 2023, is as follows:

June 30, 2021 Increase in Liability	\$ 9,774 416
June 30, 2022 Decrease in Liability	10,190 (2,194)
June 30, 2023	\$ 7,996

Note A: Nature of Activities and Summary of Significant Policies - Continued

The entire liability is recorded as noncurrent since the liability only matures when the employee resigns or retires. Therefore, the Foundation estimates that \$0 of the liability is due within one year of June 30, 2023.

The entire liability is recorded as noncurrent since the liability only matures when the employee resigns or retires. Therefore, the Foundation estimates that \$0 of the liability is due within one year of June 30, 2023.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statements of net position include a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. The deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The Foundation reported deferred outflows for pension and other postemployment benefit contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability, which will be amortized over future periods.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position include a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate section represents a source of net position that will be amortized to future periods.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statements of net position and the statements of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the Foundation. The statements of activities demonstrate the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other revenues are not properly included among program revenues and are not included in these financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for government funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Subsequent Events - The Foundation has evaluated all events and transactions through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, which is the date of the independent auditors' report.

Note B: Commitments and Contingencies

In the normal course of business, there are various outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities in addition to the normal encumbrances for the purchase of goods and services. The Foundation does not anticipate losses from these transactions.

Note C: Pooled Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, funding available to the Foundation through State sources consisted of \$25,557,416 and \$12,442,820, respectively, which is a part of the pooled cash and investments controlled by the Office of the State Treasurer.

The funds held by the State investment pool, an internal investment pool, are specifically identified for the Foundation, but the credit risk cannot be categorized for these funds. Credit risk for such investments depends on the financial stability of the State. The State reports that its investment securities are stated at quoted market prices, except that the investment securities with a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase are stated at cost or amortized cost.

Pooled investments represent those investments in units of a pool rather than specific securities. As a result, such investments are not categorized by risk, because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in a physical or book-entry form.

Cash Management Policy Board - The State's policy for the investment of State funds is the responsibility of the Cash Management Policy Board (Board). The Board, created by State law, establishes policies for the terms, conditions, and other matters relating to the investment of all money belonging to the State except money in any State pension fund and money held under the State deferred compensation program.

Investment Guidelines and Management - The investment guidelines adopted by the Board provide, among other things, that no more than 10% of the portfolio may be invested in obligations of any one issuer other than the United States Government. Investments may be made only in fixed income instruments with maturities of up to five years in certain circumstances.

Collateralization Requirements - All State funds are required by law to be collateralized by direct obligations of, or obligations which are guaranteed by, the United States of America, or other suitable obligations as determined by the Board, unless the Board shall find such collateralization not in the best

Note C: Pooled Cash and Investments - Continued

Collateralization Requirements - Continued - interest of the State. The Board has determined that certificates of deposit and time deposits must be collateralized unless the bank issuing the certificate has assets of not less than \$5 billion and is rated not lower than "B" by Fitch, Inc.'s Bank Watch Service. The Board has also determined that the State's demand deposits need not be collateralized provided that any bank that holds these funds has for the last two years a return on average assets of 5% or greater and an average equity–capital ratio of at least 1:20.

If the bank does not meet the above criteria, collateral must consist of one or more of the following:

- U.S. Government securities.
- U.S. Government agency securities.
- Federal Home Loan Board letters of credit.
- State of Delaware securities; or
- Securities of a political subdivision of the State with a Moody's Investors Service rating of "A" or better.

Since the Foundation's pooled cash and investments are managed by the Office of the State Treasurer, the Foundation is unable to control compliance with the collateralization requirements or determine if these requirements have been met. The policy is available on the Office of the State Treasurer website www.treasurer.delaware.gov.

Note D: Rollback Taxes

Under the provisions of House Bill 200 of the 136th General Assembly and House Bill 630 of the 136th General Assembly, rollback taxes under the Farmland Assessment Act (FAA) are directed to be paid by New Castle, Kent, and Sussex counties to the Foundation. These rollback taxes are incurred whenever land that qualified under the FAA is changed from use for agriculture to some other use. Under the provisions of House Bill 630 of the 136th General Assembly, a change of use was further defined as changes in zoning, subdivision, building permits or certificate of occupancy status. The tax is computed as the difference between the taxes that would have been paid without farmland assessment and the taxes that were in fact paid under farmland assessment for five years prior to the date of change in use. This sum of money is due and payable to the counties and is then directed by the counties to the school district within which the property lies and to the Foundation.

Note D: Rollback Taxes - Continued

The Foundation recorded rollback taxes collected by the counties as of June 30, but not remitted to the Foundation until a later date, as rollback taxes receivable. The amount of rollback taxes receivable was \$102,928 and \$326,361, as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Note E: Loans Receivable

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the Foundation began disbursing loans as part of the Young Farmers Program, a program that awards loans to qualified farmers aged 40 or younger for the purchase of qualified farmland and farmland improvements in order to promote farming in this age group. The portion of each loan due within a year is considered current. At the loan closing, the Foundation purchases for \$1 a preservation easement on the farmland to be purchased by the young farmer. The Foundation's accounting policy regarding these easements is to record them as donated capital assets at their acquisition value (Note A).

Loan proceeds awarded shall not exceed \$500,000 or 70% of the appraised (fair) value of the preservation easement to be placed on the farmland to be purchased. The loans are interest free, secured by a mortgage or second mortgage, and payment terms vary from immediate repayment to a 20-year deferral period. The most frequent repayment deferral period is 15 years. All loans must be repaid within 30 years.

There is no allowance for doubtful loans at June 30, 2023 and 2022, as there were no material delinquent loan balances or loan defaults during the year.

Scheduled future payments to be received in accordance with these loans is as follows for the years ending June 30:

2023	\$	82,297
2024		66,479
2025		66,479
2026		122,311
2027		167,842
2028 and Thereafter		7,635,088
	<u>_</u>	
	\$	8,140,496

Note F: Federal Grant Receivable

During fiscal year 2019, the Foundation entered into a program agreement with U.S. Department of Agricultural Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS). The program agreement is for a term of at least three years and not to exceed five years. Under the terms of the agreement, NRCS will make cost-share assistance available for the acquisition of agricultural land easements selected by the Foundation in Round 23 through Round 27.

During the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Foundation settled easements of which \$793,420 and \$3,572,065, respectively, of the total purchase price was eligible for cost-share assistance under the terms of the agreement. As of June 30, 2023, total cost-share assistance made available under the terms of the agreement totaled \$8,858,969.

The Foundation expects to receive \$2,750,000 in cost-share assistance under the terms of the agreement for easements selected for Round 26 that will settle subsequent to fiscal year 2023. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, total eligible cost-share assistance to be received on settled easements totaled \$639,561 and \$3,020,030, respectively. Management has determined the amounts to be fully collectible.

Note G: Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represent consulting/contractual services and legal expenses incurred by the Foundation prior to the end of the fiscal year but not paid until the following fiscal year. Accounts payable were \$19,619 and \$17,719 as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Note H: Capital Assets

Capital assets activity was as follows for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	2023					
	Beginning Balances	Increases	De	ecreases	Ending Balances	
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated Easement and Development Rights	\$ 274,329,324	\$10,760,159	\$	-	\$285,089,483	
Capital Assets, Depreciated Equipment Less: Accumulated	108,058	-		-	108,058	
Depreciation	(108,058)			-	(108,058)	
Total Equipment				-		
Total Capital Assets	\$ 274,329,324	\$10,760,159	\$	-	\$285,089,483	
		202	22			
	Beginning Balances	Increases	De	ecreases	Ending Balances	
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated Easement and Development						
Rights	\$ 264,229,706	\$10,126,658	\$	27,040	\$274,329,324	
Capital Assets, Depreciated Equipment Less: Accumulated	108,058	-		-	108,058	
Depreciation	(107,791)	(267)		-	(108,058)	
Total Equipment	267	(267)		-	-	
Total Capital Assets	\$ 264,229,973	\$10,126,391	\$	27,040	\$274,329,324	

Note I: Pension Plan

The Foundation contributes to the State Employees' Pension Plan (Plan) established by the State to provide benefits for state employees, excluding those who are shared with the Department of Agriculture (Note M). The Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established in the Delaware Code and is administered by the Delaware Public Employee's Retirement System (DPERS). The following are brief descriptions of the plan in effect as of June 30, 2021. For a more complete description, please refer to the DPERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. Separately issued financial statements for DPERS are available from the pension office at McArdle Building, Suite #1, 860 Silver Lake Boulevard, Dover, Delaware 19904-2402.

Plan Description and Eligibility - The State Employees' Pension Plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan that covers virtually all full-time or regular part-time employees of the State, including employees of other affiliated entities.

There are two tiers within this plan: 1) Employees hired prior to January 1, 2012 (Pre-2012) and 2) Employees hired on or after January 1, 2012 (post -2011).

Service Benefits - Final average monthly compensation multiplied by 2.0% and multiplied by years of credited service prior to January 1, 1997, plus final average compensation multiplied by 1.85% and multiplied by years of credited service after December 31, 1996, subject to minimum limitations. For this plan, final average monthly compensation is the monthly average of the highest three periods of 12 months of compensation.

Vesting - Pre-2012 date of hire: five years of credited service. Post-2011 date of hire: 10 years of credited service.

Retirement - Pre-2012 date of hire: age 62 with five years of credited service; age 60 with 15 years of credited service; or after 30 years of credited service at any age. Post-2011 date of hire: age 65 with at least 10 years of credited service; age 60 with 20 years of credited service; and 30 years of credited service at any age.

Disability Benefits - Pre-2012 date of hire: same as service benefits. Employees must have five years of credited service. In lieu of disability pension benefits, over 90% of the members of this Plan opted into a disability insurance program offered by the State effective January 1, 2006. Post-2011 date of hire: in the Disability Insurance Program.

Note I: Pension Plan - Continued

Survivor Benefits - If the employee is receiving a pension, the eligible survivor receives 50% (or 67.7% with 2% reduction, 75% with 3% reduction, or 100% with a 6% reduction) of benefit. If the employee is active with at least five years of credited service, the eligible survivor receives 75% of pension, the employee would have received at age 62.

Burial Benefit - \$7,000 per member.

Employee Contributions - 3% of earnings in excess of \$6,000. For post-2011 employees, 5% of earnings in excess of \$6,000.

Employer Contributions - Employer contributions are determined by the Board of Pension Trustees. For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the rate of the employer contribution was 11.15% and 12.45%, respectively, of covered payroll. The Foundation's employer contributions for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, were \$7,629 and \$8,200, respectively. The Foundation's required contributions equaled actual contributions made for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Net Pension Liability and Expense - As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Foundation reported a net pension liability (asset) of \$39,067 and \$(36,569), respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the plan's total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 to June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Foundation's proportion was 0.0029% and 0.0030%, respectively. Total pension cost for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, amounted to \$4,148 and \$(12,000), respectively.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources - At June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Foundation reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2023			
	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	\$	7,497	\$	-
Net Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		4,034		
Changes in Assumptions		4,034		-
Changes in Proportion		1,116		(18,690)
Contributions Subsequent to the Date of		1,110		(10,0)0)
Measurement		7,629		-
	\$	24,500	\$	(18,690)
		20	22	
	D	eferred	Ι	Deferred
	0	utflows]	Inflows
Net Difference Between Projected and				
Actual Investment Earnings	\$	-	\$	(73,458)
Net Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience		5,543		_
Changes in Assumption		6,607		-
Changes in Proportion		2,046		(23,006)
Contributions Subsequent to the Date of		,		
Measurement		8,200		-
	\$	22,396	\$	(96,464)

The amounts of \$7,629 and \$8,200 reported as deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, represent the Foundation's contributions subsequent to the measurement date, which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the following year.

Note I: Pension Plan - Continued

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2023, will be recognized in pension expense as follows for the years ending June 30:

2024	\$ (2,406)
2025	(3,888)
2026	(2,947)
2027	13,454
2028	(2,858)
2029	 (3,174)
	\$ (1,819)

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability on the June 30, 2022 and 2021 measurement dates were determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively, with updated procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022 and 2021.

<u>Investment Return</u> - 7.0%, includes inflation at 2.5%, as of June 30, 2022. 7.0%, includes inflation at 2.5%, as of June 30, 2021.

Salary Increases - 3.25% plus merit, includes inflation at 2.5%, as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

The total pension liabilities are measured based on assumptions pertaining to the interest rates, inflation rates, and employee demographic behavior in future years. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

Mortality assumptions are based on the Pub-2010 mortality tables with gender adjustments for healthy annuitants and disabled retirees and an adjusted version on MP-2020 mortality improvement scale on a fully generational basis.

Projected benefit payments do not include the effects of projected ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments (ad hoc COLAs) as they are not substantially automatic. The primary considerations relevant to making this determination includes the historical pattern of granting the changes and the consistency in the amounts of the charges.

Note I: Pension Plan - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by an asset allocation percentage, which is based on the nature and mix of current and expected plan investments, and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the system's current and expected asset allocation is summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	Asset Allocation
Domestic Equity	5.70%	31.8%
International Equity	5.70%	15.0%
Fixed Income	2.00%	23.6%
Alternative Investments	7.80%	21.5%
Cash and Equivalents	0.00%	8.1%

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates, and that contributions from employers will be made at rates determined by the Board of Pension Trustees, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Foundation's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

Note I: Pension Plan - Continued

Sensitivity of the Foundation's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Continued

	1% Decrease		Curre	Current Discount Rate		1% increase
June 30, 2023	\$	82,836	\$	39,067	\$	6,487
June 30, 2022	\$	4,468	\$	(36,569)	\$	(70,991)

Note J: Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

Plan Description - The State of Delaware Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust (OPEB Trust) is a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan established by Delaware Code. The OPEB Trust provides medical coverage to pensioners and their eligible dependents in the State Employees', Judiciary, New State Police, and Closed State Police pension plans. This includes the employees of the State as well as employees of the State's component units and affiliated agencies which are part of the State Employees' pension plan.

On July 1, 2007, the OPEB Trust was established pursuant to Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code. Policy for and management of the OPEB benefits provided to retirees are the responsibility of the State. The following are brief descriptions of the OPEB Trust. Additional financial and actuarial information with respect to the plan may be found in the OPEB Fund Trust Financial Statements available online at http://open.omb.delaware.gov/Financials.shtml.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - The Foundation's employees are covered under the State of Delaware Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan. For purposes of measuring the Foundation's allocation of net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Plan, and additions to/deductions from its fiduciary net position, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by State of Delaware. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note J: Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan - Continued

Service Benefits - Substantially all State employees become eligible for post-retirement benefits if they reach retirement age while working for the State. The costs of providing these benefits are shared between the State and the retired employee.

Eligibility for State Employees -

- Early Retirement: Age 55 with 15 years of service or any age with 25 years of service.
- Normal Retirement (hired before January 1, 2012): Age 62 with five years of service, or age 60 with 15 years of service, or any age with 30 years of service.
- Normal Retirement (hired on or after January 1, 2012): Age 65 with 10 years of service, or age 60 with 20 years of service, or any age with 30 years of service.
- Spouse and Survivor Coverage: Both are available under any of the plan options with similar retiree contributions. Surviving spouses are eligible for coverage after the retiree's death.

Benefits Provided - The State provides health insurance options through several providers.

Retiree Contributions - If hired prior to July 1, 1991, no contributions are required. If hired on or after July 1, 1991 (except disability pension), contributions depend on years of service, as shown on the table below:

Between July 1, 1991 and December 31, 2006		After January 1, 2007			
Years of	Percent of Premium Paid	Years of	Percent of Premium Paid		
Service	by Employer	Service	by Employer		
Less than 10	0%	Less than 15	0%		
10 - 14	50%	15 - 17.5	50%		
15 - 19	75%	17.5 - 19	75%		
20 or more	100%	20 or more	100%		

Note J: Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan - Continued

Funding Policy - The State of Delaware funds the OPEB for current retirees on a pay-as-you-go basis along with funding for future benefits at a rate that is approved in the annual budget but not actuarially determined. By State Statute Chapter 52, Title 29 of the Delaware Code, contribution requirements of plan members and the government are established by the State Legislature. Funds are recorded in the OPEB Trust for the payment of retiree healthcare claims, and administrative and investment expenses. Administrative costs are financed through investment earnings. State appropriations, other employer contributions, and retiree contributions for healthcare are recorded in the OPEB Trust. The funds available are invested under the management of the Board of Pension Trustees, which acts as the Board of Trustees for the OPEB Trust and is responsible for the financial management of the OPEB Trust.

Contributions - The contribution rates for the employer and retiree are established annually by the budgeting process of the State. Those rates include an employer contribution based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements as a percentage of covered payroll, with an additional amount to pre-fund benefits, which is not actuarially determined. For Fiscal Year 2023, the Foundation's contribution was 9.57% of covered payroll and totaled \$10,249. For Fiscal Year 2022, the Foundation's contribution was 8.89% of covered payroll and totaled \$7,562.

Retiree contribution rates are affected by the retiree date of hire, with eligible retirees hired after June 30, 1991, paying a proportionately higher rate if their years of service total less than 20.

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Foundation reported a liability of \$234,585 and \$292,355, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The collective total OPEB liability for the June 30, 2022, measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, with updated procedures used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2022. The Foundation's proportion of the net OPEB liability was calculated utilizing the employer's contribution as it relates to the total reported contributions. As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Foundation's proportion was 0.0027% and 0.0029%, respectively.

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Foundation recognized OPEB expense of \$(25,923) and \$(16,003), respectively.

Note J: Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan - Continued

As of June 30, 2023, the Foundation reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual					
Earnings on Plan Investments	\$	548	\$	-	
Net Difference Between Expected and Actual					
Experience		5,933		(28,743)	
Changes of Assumptions		36,212		(53,918)	
Changes in the Proportion		8,595		(140,860)	
Contributions		10,249		-	
	\$	61,537	\$	(223,521)	

As of June 30, 2022, the Foundation reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Plan Investments	\$	-	\$	(3,377)
Net Difference Between Expected and Actual				
Experience		7,011		(40,232)
Changes of Assumptions		50,646		(9,582)
Changes in the Proportion		17,396		(169,809)
Contributions		7,562		-
	\$	82,615	\$	(223,000)

Note J: Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan - Continued

The Foundation's share of net deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB at June 30, 2023, will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

2024	\$ (28,445)
2025	(26,567)
2026	(23,669)
2027	(32,703)
2028	(30,662)
2029	 (30,187)
	\$ (172,233)

Actuarial Assumptions - The collective total OPEB liability for the June 30, 2022 and 2021 measurement dates was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, with updated procedures used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2022 and 2021. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions for June 30, 2022 and 2021 measurements:

- Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
- Investment Rate of Return 7.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
- Discount Rate 2.16% and 2.21%, respectively
- Projected Salary Increases 3.25% plus merit
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate 5.50% and 5.60%, respectively

Mortality rates are based on the sex-distinct employee, healthy annuitant, and disabled annuitant mortality tables derived from the PUB-2010 General Benefits Weighted Annuitant Mortality Table, including adjustment factors. Future mortality improvements are reflected by applying a custom projection scale on a generational basis to adjusted base tables from the base year.

Note J: Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions - Continued

The total OPEB liabilities are measured based on assumptions pertaining to the interest rates, inflation rates, and employee demographic behavior in future years. The assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study performed in 2021 and covering the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2020. It is likely that future experience will not exactly conform to these assumptions. To the extent that actual experience deviates from these assumptions, the emerging liabilities may be higher or lower than anticipated. The more the experience deviates, the larger the impact on future financial statements.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by an asset allocation percentage, which is based on the nature and mix of current and expected plan investments, and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term Expected	Asset
Asset Class	Rate of Return	Allocation
Equity (Public and Private)	5.70%	50 - 85%
Fixed Income (Including Cash)	2.00%	15 - 50%
Alternative Investments	7.80%	0 - 30%

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.16% at the beginning of the current measurement period and 3.54% at the end, based on the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, an index satisfying the GASB requirement of an index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions to the Plan will continue to follow the pay-as-you-go contribution policy. Based on the assumptions of a pay-as-you-go plan, the discount rates used at the June 30, 2022 and 2021 measurement dates are equal to the applicable rate of the 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Note J: Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan - Continued

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the OPEB Trust, as well as what the OPEB Trust's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%			Current	1%		
	Decrease		Decrease		Discount		 ncrease
June 30, 2023	\$	279,870	\$	234,585	\$ 203,540		
June 30, 2022	\$	349,449	\$	292,355	\$ 247,455		

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the OPEB Trust, as well as what the OPEB Trust's net OPEB liabilities would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current healthcare trend rates:

		1%		(Current		1%
	Γ	Decrease	-	Ι	Discount	I	ncrease
June 30, 2023	\$	203,867	=	\$	234,585	\$	277,208
June 30, 2022	\$	239,221	_	\$	292,355	\$	362,570

Note K: Fair Value Measurements

The Foundation follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application* (Note A). GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a fair value hierarchy per inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available.

The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Foundation has the ability to access. Since valuations are based on quoted market prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Note K: Fair Value Measurements - Continued

<u>Level 2</u> - Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

<u>Level 3</u> - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The Foundation participates with other State organizations in a cash and investment pool controlled by the Office of the State Treasurer (Note C). The pool is invested in a combination of cash and fixed income instruments with maturities of up to five years. The State reports that investments are stated at their quoted market prices, except investment securities with a remaining maturity of one year or less at the time of purchase, which are stated at cost or amortized cost. These investments would normally be considered Level 1 and Level 2 inputs on the fair value hierarchy; however, the existence of pooled allocations in determining the Foundation's share of the pool is considered to be a Level 2 input. The fair value for pooled cash and investments categorized as Level 2 as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, was \$25,557,416 and \$12,442,820, respectively.

Note L: Operating Lease-Lessor

The Foundation leases property under agreements expiring during various periods through December 31, 2027. Monthly lease payments range from \$477 to \$1,477 and increase between 3% and 5% annually.

Total leased assets as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, totaled \$145,349 and \$163,232, respectively.

Note L: Lease-Lessor - Continued

For the years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, lease revenue and lease interest revenue reported on the statements of net activities were:

	2023		2022
Lease Revenue	 	.	
Land	\$ 17,103	\$	17,918
Land (Billboard)	 5,077		5,672
Total Lease Revenue Interest Revenue	22,180 5,031		23,590 5,787
Total Lease and Lease Interest Revenue	\$ 27,211	\$	29,377

Future lease revenues due to the Foundation under the lease contracts, including the renewal options are:

	P	rincipal	I	nterest	 Total
2024	\$	19,850	\$	4,427	\$ 24,277
2025		21,179		3,769	24,948
2026		23,009		3,055	26,064
2027		24,962		2,278	27,240
2028		23,373		1,461	24,834
2029-2030		32,976		864	 33,840
Total	\$	145,349	\$	15,854	\$ 161,203

Note M: On-Behalf Payments

The Foundation shares employees with the Department of Agriculture (Department). The salaries of these shared employees are paid in full by the Department, and the Foundation does not reimburse the Department for their portion of salary expense. On-behalf payments recognized in revenue and administrative salaries and related expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, totaled \$233,241 and \$203,110, respectively.

Note N: Risk Management

The Foundation is exposed to various risks of loss related to workers' compensation, non-state employee health care and accident, automobile, and property and casualty claims. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties.

Required Supplementary Information

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Contractual Fund Budget to Actual* Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance		
Revenues					
Farmland Preservation	\$ 19,630,500	\$ 19,630,500	\$ -		
Young Farmers Contributed Easements	-	483,186	483,186		
Federal Grant	-	3,523,092	3,523,092		
County Government Grants and Contributions	-	1,194,206	1,194,206		
Rollback Taxes	-	430,414	430,414		
License Plate Income	-	5,950	5,950		
Interest Income		13,645	13,645		
Wilson Farm Lease Income	-	27,211	27,211		
Lien	-	11,001	11,001		
Century Farm Signs		120	120		
Total Revenues	19,630,500	25,319,325	5,688,825		
Expenditures					
Farmland Preservation	19,478,500	11,139,735	8,338,765		
Young Farmers	-	9,571	(9,571)		
Legal Fees	152,000	195,446	(43,446)		
Total Expenditures	19,630,500	11,344,752	8,285,748		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		13,974,573	(13,974,573)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	13,974,573	\$ (13,974,573)		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		19,309,970			
Fund Balance - End of Year		\$ 33,284,543			

*The Foundation's budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The accompanying note to this schedule is an integral part of this required supplementary information.

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Operating Fund Budget to Actual* Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget		Actual mounts	Variance		
Revenues						
Farmland Preservation	\$	369,500	\$ 369,500	\$	-	
General Fund		-	14,661		14,661	
On-Behalf Payments		-	 233,241		233,241	
Total Revenues		369,500	 617,402		247,902	
Expenditures						
Personnel		120,400	349,725		(229,325)	
Accounting and Auditing		60,000	56,607		3,393	
Capital		5,000	-		5,000	
Office Expense		15,000	18,076		(3,076)	
Contracts		75,000	7,422		67,578	
Travel		2,000	602		1,398	
As Needed		92,100	 -		92,100	
Total Expenditures		369,500	 432,432		(62,932)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	184,970	\$	184,970	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			 813,352			
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 998,322			

*The Foundation's budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The accompanying note to this schedule is an integral part of this required supplementary information.

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Reporting June 30, 2023

Note A: Budgetary Basis vs. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP)

The budgetary comparison schedules on the previous two pages provide a comparison of the original and final budgets with actual data on a budgetary basis.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the General Assembly of the State provided funding for the Foundation under House Bill No. 475 of the 152nd General Assembly in the amount of \$10,000,000. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the State transferred \$10,000,000 to the Foundation under Title 30, Chapter 54 to the farmland preservation fund.

The Foundation creates two separate budgets. Together, the budgets encompass the \$20,000,000 in State funds received during Fiscal Year 2023 and are included in the special revenue fund in the financial statements.

The contractual fund budget consists of \$19,630,500 to be used for preservation programs, including the Young Farmer Loan Program. The operating fund budget consists of \$369,500 to be used for administrative purposes, such as personnel costs.

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Contributions

	2	023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability														
Measurement Date	30-J	un-22	30)-Jun-21	30)-Jun-20	30)-Jun-19	30)-Jun-18	30)-Jun-17	30)-Jun-16
Foundation's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0	.0029%		0.0030%		0.0046%		0.0044%		0.0053%		0.0054%		0.0050%
Foundation's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Dollar Value	\$	39,067	\$	(36,569)	\$	63,992	\$	68,132	\$	69,041	\$	78,616	\$	75,390
Foundation's Covered Employee Payroll Foundation's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset		65,863		65,588		89,870		83,078		106,142		93,620		85,261
as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll Plan's Fiduciary Net Position		59.32%		-55.76%		71.21%		82.01%		65.05%		83.97%		88.42%
as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability/Asset		88.80%		110.50%		87.30%		85.90%		87.50%		85.30%		84.10%
Contributions														
Contractually Required Contributions		7,629		8,200		8,087		11,737		10,742		11,060		10,008
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		7,629		8,200		8,087		11,737		10,742		11,060		10,008
Contribution Excess (Deficit)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Foundation's Covered Employee Payroll	\$	68,422	\$	65,863	\$	65,588	\$	89,870	\$	83,078	\$	106,142	\$	93,620
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		11.15%		12.45%		12.33%		13.06%		12.93%		10.42%		10.69%

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 67 and 68, the above required supplementary information is provided with respect to the Foundation's Net Pension Liability. Information prior to 2015 is not readily available. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.

State of Delaware Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and Contributions

	2023		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		 2018
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Measurement Date		30-Jun-22		30-Jun-21		30-Jun-20		30-Jun-19		30-Jun-18	30-Jun-17		
Foundation's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability		0.0027%		0.0029%		0.0044%		0.0043%		0.0052%	0.0052%		
Foundation's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability - Dollar Value	\$	234,585	\$	292,355	\$	462,655	\$	339,451	\$	427,793	\$ 432,595		
Foundation's Covered Employee Payroll Foundation's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability		85,062		84,509		123,283		114,521		127,217	112,489		
as a Percentage of its Covered Employee Payroll Plan's Fiduciary Net Position		275.78%		345.95%		375.28%		296.41%		336.27%	384.57%		
as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		6.43%		6.06%		4.27%		4.89%		4.44%	4.13%		
Contributions													
Contractually Required Contributions		10,249		7,562		7,741		12,279		11,704	11,704		
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		10,249		7,562		7,741		12,279		11,704	 11,704		
Contribution Excess (Deficit)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	_	\$		\$ 		
Foundation's Covered Employee Payroll	\$	107,095	\$	85,062	\$	84,509	\$	123,283	\$	114,521	\$ 127,217		
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		9.57%		8.89%		9.16%		9.96%		10.22%	 9.20%		

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, the above required supplementary information is provided with respect to the Foundation's Net OPEB Liability. This schedule will accumulate each year until sufficient information to present a ten-year trend is available.



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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Management Delaware Department of Agriculture Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation State of Delaware

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation (Foundation), a component unit of the State of Delaware, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Foundation's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Foundation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

To the Management Delaware Department of Agriculture Delaware Agriculture Lands Preservation Foundation State of Delaware

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses, or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Foundation's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Belfint, Lyons & Shuman, P.A.

December 6, 2023 Wilmington, Delaware



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Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Management Delaware Department of Agriculture Delaware Agriculture Lands Preservation Foundation State of Delaware

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Delaware Agriculture Lands Preservation Foundation's (Foundation) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Foundation's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The Foundation's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Foundation complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Foundation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Foundation's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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To the Management of Delaware Department of Agriculture Delaware Agriculture Lands Preservation Foundation State of Delaware

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Foundation's federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Foundation's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Foundation's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Foundation's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Foundation's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Foundation's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

To the Management of Delaware Department of Agriculture Delaware Agriculture Lands Preservation Foundation State of Delaware

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Belfint, Lyons & Shuman, P.A.

December 6, 2023 Wilmington, Delaware

Delaware Agriculture Lands Preservation Foundation Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Ex	penditures	-	itures to cipients
Direct Programs <u>Department of Agriculture</u> Agricultural Conservation Easement					
Program (ACEP)	10.931	\$	793,420	\$	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$	793,420	\$	

Delaware Agricultural Lands Preservation Foundation Notes to Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards June 30, 2023

Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Foundation under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the activities of the operations of the Foundation, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Foundation.

Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement.

The Foundation has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance

Delaware Agriculture Lands Preservation Foundation Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2023

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of Auditors' Report Issued:	Unmodified
Internal Control Over Financial Reporting:	
Material Weaknesses Identified?	Yes <u>x</u> No
 Significant Deficiencies Identified that are Not Considered to be Material Weaknesses? 	Yes <u>x</u> None Reported
Noncompliance Material to Financial Statements Noted?	Yes <u>x</u> No
Federal Awards	
Internal Control Over Major Programs:	
Material Weaknesses Identified?	Yes <u>x</u> No
• Significant Deficiencies Identified that are Not Considered to be Material Weaknesses?	Yes <u>x</u> None Reported
Type of Auditors' Report Issued on Compliance for Major Programs:	Unmodified
Any Audit Findings Disclosed that are Required to be Reported in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	Yes <u>x</u> No
Identification of Major Programs	
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 10.931	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Agricultural Conservation Easement Program
Dollar Threshold Used to Distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs:	\$ 750,000
Auditee Qualified as Low-Risk Auditee?	Yes <u>x</u> No
II. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS	None Reported
III. FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	None Reported
IV. PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS	None Reported